MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

(Prepared According to 29 CFR 1910.1200)

SECTION 1 - PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION		
Trade Name 1 UP STAINLESS STEEL POLISH		Product Type Stainless Steel Polish
SECTION 2 - HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS		
CHEMICAL NAME/COMMON NAME	CAS NO.	PERCENT(optiona) TLV(Source)
Hydrotreated Naphthenic Petroleum Distillate	64742-53-6*	For Mineral Oil Mist: 5 mg/m3(OSHA);
		5 mg/m3 (ACGIH)
Bis (coco alkyl) dimethylammonium Chloride	61789-77-3	Not Established
Refined Paraffinic Petroleum Distillate	64742-30-9	For Mineral Oil Mist: 5 mg/m3 TWA(OSHA);
		5 mg/m3 (ACGIH)
Other ingredients in this product are : X Less than 1% by weight or less than 0.1% for carcinogens X Not hazardous X Declared to be Trade Secret		
SECTION 3 - PHYSICAL DATA		
Boiling point(°F.) Near 212 Specific Gravity(H2O=1.0)	(± 0.005) 0.9	pH (± 0.5) 6.5
Vapor Pressure(mm Hg) Unknown	Vapor Density(A	sir=1) Unknown
Solubility in water Complete Insoluble	X Emulsifiable (or	Dispersible) Slight (or Partial)
Evaporation Rate(vs. H2O) Faster	x Slower	About the Same
Appearance and Odor Milky Slightly Viscous Liquid; Pleasant Odor.		
SECTION 4 - FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA		
Flash Point(T.C.C.) °F. X None to Boiling	Flammable Lim	nits Upper _{Unknown} Lower _{Unknown}
Extinguishing Media CO2, dry chemical, foam, water spray		
Special Firefighting Procedures Firefighters should not enter confined fire-spaces without protective clothing and self-contained air supply.		
Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazardsmpty containers retain residue. Do not pressurize, cut, heat, weld or expose such containers to flame. They may explode and cause injury.		
SECTION 5 - REACTIVITY DATA		
Stability Stable Incompatibility Strong oxidizers, anionic compounds		
Hazardous Decomposition Products Carbon monoxide and other unident	ified organic compoun	ds may occur during incomplete combustion.
SECTION 6 - HEALTH HAZARDS		
Primary Routes of Exposure X Eye X Skin	X Oral	X Inhalation Other
Signs and Symptoms Eyes: irritation. Skin: Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. If taken internally, aspiration of liquid product may cause chemical pneumonitis. Inhalation of product vapors at high airborne concentrations may cause chemical intoxication.		
of Overexposure		
(Acute)		
Signs and Symptoms of Overexposure(Chronic) None known		
Medical Conditions Aggravated by Overexposure Not known Carcinogen/Suspect Carcinogen Ingredients NTP OSHA IARC NONE		
SECTION 7 - EMERGENCY AND FIRST AID PR	ROCEDURES	
Eyes Flush immediately with water for at least 15 minutes. If irritation persists, Call a physician.		
Skin Wash with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. If irritation persists, Call a physician.		
Ingestion Do NOT induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, keep head below hips	to prevent aspiration	into lungs. Get immediate medical attention.
Inhalation Remove exposed person to fresh air. Treat symptomatically.		
SECTION 8 - SPECIAL PROTECTION INFORM	ATION	
Respiratory Protection Not needed under normal conditions of use.		
Ventilation Requirements	Other	
Protective Gloves Rubber Eye ProtectionSafety glasses/goggles	Other P	rotective ClothingNot required for normal use
SECTION 9 - SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES		
Steps to be Taken if Released or Spilled Absorb with suitable absorbent. For large spills, eliminate potential sources of ignition. Dike and contain. Recover free liquid. Ventilate confined spaces of ignition.		
Waste Disposal Methods Dispose of in accordance with applicable Federal, State and Local ordinances.		
SECTION 10 - STORAGE AND HANDLING INFO	ORMATION	
Precautions to be TakenKeep Container closed when not in use. Do not store near heat or open flames. Provide adequate ventilation. Avoid breathing vapors or mist. Avoid in Handling and Storage prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Wash thoroughly after handling.		

The health hazards given on this Material Safety Data Sheet apply to this product in its concentrated form(as supplied) and may differ significantly at use dilution. The signs and symptoms of overexposure apply only to negligence in handling or misuse of the concentrated product and not to the routine exposure to the product, if diluted, under conditions of ordinary use.

DATE PREPARED October 23, 2003